## Land Registry House Price Index



# December 2015

# Date of release: 29 January 2016

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Index	303.2
Average price	£188,270
Monthly change	1.2%
Annual change	6.4%

To find out more about any of the information contained in this document or on our other House Price Index offerings, please email Alison Draper at commercial.services@landregistry.gsi.gov.uk

### Land Registry House Price Index Headline statistics

The December data shows a monthly price increase of 1.2 per cent.

The annual price change now stands at 6.4 per cent, bringing the average house price in England and Wales to £188,270.

The number of property transactions has decreased over the last year. From July 2014 to October 2014 there was an average of 84,517 sales per month. In the same months a year later, the figure was 80,691.

Index <sup>1</sup>	303.2
Average price <sup>2</sup>	£188,270
Monthly change	1.2%
Annual change	6.4%

Annual growth of 6.4 per cent in December brings the average house price in England and Wales to £188,270.

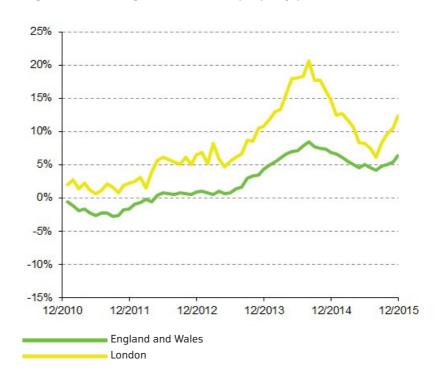
1 Seasonally adjusted House Price Index (HPI) with base period of January 1995=100 2 All average prices quoted in this report represent standardised seasonally adjusted prices

## Land Registry House Price Index Average annual price change

The December data for London shows a monthly increase of 2.1 per cent. At 12.4 per cent, the annual change for London is considerably higher than most other regions.

The average price of property in the capital is £514,097 in comparison with the average for England and Wales of £188,270.

#### Average annual change in residential property prices



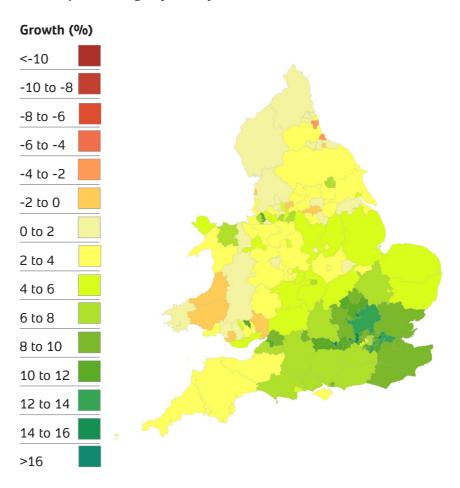
Average prices by property type (England and Wales)	December 2015	December 2014	Difference (%)
Detached	£294,410	£278,341	5.8
Semi-detached	£178,140	£167,019	6.7
Terraced	£141,998	£133,360	6.5
Flat/maisonette	£180,598	£169,732	6.4
All	£188,270	£176,952	6.4

#### **Key regional observations**

- The region with the most significant annual price increase is London with a movement of 12.4 per cent.
- The North East saw the smallest annual price increase of 0.8 per cent.
- London also experienced the greatest monthly price rise with a movement of 2.1 per cent.
- Wales saw the most significant monthly price decrease with a fall of 0.8 per cent.

Region	Monthly change (%)	Annual change (%)	Average price (£)
London	2.1	12.4	£514,097
East	1.7	10.6	£218,837
Yorkshire & The Humber	1.2	3.8	£125,492
South East	1.1	9.5	£261,581
West Midlands	1.1	4.8	£142,731
North West	0.9	5.0	£116,152
South West	0.8	6.8	£196,134
East Midlands	-0.3	4.2	£137,171
North East	-0.7	0.8	£99,069
Wales	-0.8	3.4	£121,780

#### Annual price change by county



# Key county and unitary authority observations

- Reading experienced the greatest annual price increase in December with a movement of 17.1 per cent.
- Hartlepool saw the most significant annual price fall with a movement of -3.3 per cent.

County/unitary authority	Monthly change (%)	Annual change (%)	Average price (£)
Bath and NE Somerset	1.2	7.2	275,202
Bedford	0.7	8.7	186,751
Blackburn with Darwen	2.1	1.1	71,431
Blackpool	-0.8	-0.4	79,103
Blaenau Gwent	3.8	11.8	67,002
Bournemouth	0.2	5.9	192,652
Bracknell Forest	1.1	10.1	281,652
Bridgend	0.5	-0.9	117,174
Brighton and Hove	0.7	9.1	291,854
Buckinghamshire	0.7	9.6	326,474
Caerphilly	0.6	2.7	101,367
Cambridgeshire	0.4	7.6	220,076
Cardiff	0.3	4.0	156,415
Carmarthenshire	0.7	-0.2	105,767
Central Bedfordshire	0.8	11.4	217,022
Ceredigion	2.2	-0.4	155,649

# Key county and unitary authority observations

- Blaenau Gwent experienced the strongest monthly growth with an increase of 3.8 per cent.
- Hartlepool saw the most significant monthly price fall with a movement of -4.2 per cent.
- Eight counties and unitary authorities exhibited no monthly price movement.

County/unitary authority	Monthly change (%)	Annual change (%)	Average price (£)
Cheshire East	-0.2	2.4	159,923
Cheshire West and Chester	0.0	4.0	162,363
City of Bristol	1.1	11.0	217,680
City of Derby	-0.7	1.9	113,074
City of Kingston Upon Hull	0.1	5.0	72,498
City of Nottingham	0.9	3.2	92,535
City of Peterborough	0.3	2.9	120,743
City of Plymouth	-0.2	2.8	135,142
Conwy	1.2	7.5	132,981
Cornwall	0.0	3.3	192,826
Cumbria	0.0	1.3	122,051
Darlington	-0.3	0.5	100,278
Denbighshire	-0.7	1.4	118,948
Derbyshire	0.1	4.2	132,190
Devon	-0.1	2.9	204,778
Dorset	0.6	6.9	237,042
Durham	0.3	2.3	78,665
East Riding of Yorkshire	0.0	2.1	137,210
East Sussex	0.9	8.6	213,090
Essex	1.1	9.5	231,823
Flintshire	0.1	3.3	129,488
Gloucestershire	0.8	4.5	193,399
Greater London	2.1	12.4	514,097
Greater Manchester	0.3	4.2	112,441
Gwynedd	-0.5	3.5	139,989
Halton	-0.5	1.1	98,977
Hampshire	0.8	7.5	250,646
Hartlepool	-4.2	-3.3	69,844
Herefordshire	0.4	3.2	184,486
Hertfordshire	0.9	12.5	320,742
Isle of Anglesey	0.2	5.5	135,579
Isle of Wight	-0.3	2.1	158,584
Kent	0.7	8.4	224,572
Lancashire	0.3	1.6	106,622
Leicester	0.0	3.9	121,560
Leicestershire	0.1	3.2	163,313
Lincolnshire	-0.1	5.5	134,916

County/unitary authority	Monthly change (%)	Annual change (%)	Average price (£)
Luton	1.7	14.7	164,284
Medway	1.1	9.0	174,646
Merseyside	0.1	4.8	110,056
Merthyr Tydfil	3.3	5.7	66,065
Middlesbrough	0.3	-1.6	76,054
Milton Keynes	1.2	10.9	197,052
Monmouthshire	0.8	-0.3	186,125
Neath Port Talbot	2.0	1.7	85,582
Newport	0.3	5.8	116,736
Norfolk	0.5	5.4	165,349
North East Lincolnshire	8.0	3.7	84,248
North Lincolnshire	0.9	1.9	106,814
North Somerset	0.2	6.1	200,637
North Yorkshire	0.7	3.6	181,441
Northamptonshire	0.2	5.7	157,846
Northumberland	-1.8	1.8	126,342
Nottinghamshire	0.6	4.7	131,803
Oxfordshire	0.2	6.9	296,698
Pembrokeshire	0.2	0.5	134,621
Poole	8.0	5.6	237,591
Portsmouth	0.8	8.6	166,261
Powys	1.4	1.7	147,183
Reading	1.2	17.1	266,045
Redcar and Cleveland	-0.3	2.0	101,370
Rhondda Cynon Taff	-0.4	0.8	77,295
Rutland	2.0	1.6	235,923
Shropshire	-1.3	2.0	164,302
Slough	0.4	14.1	226,096
Somerset	0.1	4.0	175,511
South Gloucestershire	0.8	9.9	217,598
South Yorkshire	0.0	2.1	107,163
Southampton	0.3	6.9	160,254
Southend-on-Sea	0.3	9.1	186,414
Staffordshire	0.4	3.7	142,384
Stockton-on-Tees	-0.1	0.1	111,273
Stoke-on-Trent	0.6	4.9	73,567
Suffolk	0.8	5.6	179,888

County/unitary authority	Monthly change (%)	Annual change (%)	Average price (£)
Surrey	0.0	8.0	387,382
Swansea	0.9	3.0	111,078
Swindon	0.8	8.1	151,939
The Vale of Glamorgan	-0.1	5.5	175,101
Thurrock	1.0	12.5	188,305
Torbay	-1.1	2.0	152,109
Torfaen	-0.3	2.0	105,338
Tyne and Wear	-0.2	0.2	105,794
Warrington	0.3	5.6	149,800
Warwickshire	0.7	5.3	188,406
West Berkshire	1.5	11.8	285,122
West Midlands	0.6	4.9	125,654
West Sussex	0.6	7.6	256,807
West Yorkshire	0.3	2.4	114,587
Wiltshire	0.6	6.6	212,584
Windsor and Maidenhead	0.5	10.8	432,830
Wokingham	0.6	11.5	362,000
Worcestershire	0.1	4.2	177,788
Wrekin	0.0	0.5	127,985
Wrexham	-0.9	4.8	124,141
York	-0.1	7.8	208,616

## Land Registry House Price Index

# Price change by metropolitan district

# Key metropolitan district observations

- The metropolitan district with the largest annual price increase is Knowsley rising by 10.5 per cent.
- Walsall experienced the highest monthly price rise with an increase of 1.7 per cent.
- Sunderland saw the greatest annual price fall with a movement of -3.5 per cent.
- Rochdale saw the greatest monthly price fall with a movement of -1.2 per cent.

Metropolitan district	Monthly change (%)	Annual change (%)	Average price (£)
Barnsley	1.1	-0.4	87,053
Birmingham	0.6	5.5	123,864
Bolton	-0.3	0.7	92,165
Bradford	1.0	2.5	96,980
Bury	1.1	4.6	117,278
Calderdale	1.3	2.7	100,582
Coventry	0.9	6.8	124,157
Doncaster	0.3	3.5	97,982
Dudley	0.2	3.1	127,130
Gateshead	0.0	0.3	94,349
Kirklees	0.2	3.2	115,390
Knowsley	0.4	10.5	107,219
Leeds	0.1	3.0	133,276
Liverpool	-0.5	6.1	97,328
Manchester	0.7	5.9	102,976
Newcastle upon Tyne	-0.5	1.8	120,883
North Tyneside	-0.4	1.4	126,340
Oldham	-0.3	3.5	84,634
Rochdale	-1.2	-1.6	89,649
Rotherham	-0.9	0.6	98,642
Salford	0.2	1.9	97,334
Sandwell	-0.3	2.7	99,499
Sefton	0.2	2.8	122,429
Sheffield	0.0	3.8	126,641
Solihull	1.2	5.6	219,990
South Tyneside	1.1	3.9	102,024
St Helens	0.4	5.2	97,394
Stockport	0.4	7.6	162,051
Sunderland	-0.2	-3.5	81,929
Tameside	1.1	7.2	100,595
Trafford	0.2	6.6	210,475
Wakefield	-0.7	0.5	107,839
Walsall	1.7	5.5	116,304
Wigan	-1.1	2.4	94,520
Wirral	0.7	2.9	121,391
Wolverhampton	-0.1	3.7	103,662

### Land Registry House Price Index Price change by London borough

# Key London borough observations

- The borough with the highest annual price rise is Barking and Dagenham, with a movement of 15.3 per cent.
- The City of Westminster experienced the highest monthly price increase, with a movement of 2.3 per cent.
- Hammersmith and Fulham saw the smallest annual increase of 3.3 per cent.
- Southwark experienced the most significant monthly fall with a movement of -0.7 per cent.
- n/a is shown if there have been insufficient sales that meet the criteria for inclusion.

London borough	Monthly change (%)	Annual change (%)	Average price (£)
Barking and Dagenham	2.1	15.3	309,760
Barnet	-0.3	8.3	486,004
Bexley	1.5	12.3	313,986
Brent	0.3	8.4	452,647
Bromley	1.1	10.3	421,189
Camden	0.9	6.3	855,390
City of London	n/a	n/a	n/a
City of Westminster	2.3	6.1	1,040,144
Croydon	0.8	12.2	360,111
Ealing	0.5	9.3	486,959
Enfield	0.8	13.4	364,871
Greenwich	-0.1	11.9	385,419
Hackney	-0.1	7.9	638,284
Hammersmith and Fulham	0.7	3.3	805,838
Haringey	0.9	10.2	544,547
Harrow	0.8	11.7	413,987
Havering	2.2	12.4	345,098
Hillingdon	1.4	15.2	374,830
Hounslow	1.4	11.6	402,378
Islington	0.8	6.1	704,078
Kensington and Chelsea	2.1	3.6	1,371,086
Kingston upon Thames	0.8	8.2	445,945
Lambeth	0.6	6.7	570,849
Lewisham	1.5	12.6	430,120
Merton	0.2	11.6	506,761
Newham	0.1	11.9	325,298
Redbridge	0.4	8.8	383,509
Richmond upon Thames	0.9	5.7	659,630
Southwark	-0.7	6.9	587,705
Sutton	1.6	10.4	349,795
Tower Hamlets	0.5	10.0	523,352
Waltham Forest	0.0	10.4	406,190
Wandsworth	1.2	6.3	611,934

# Land Registry House Price Index Sales volumes

#### Sales volumes

 In the months July 2015 to October 2015, sales volumes averaged 80,691 transactions per month. This is a decrease from the same period a year earlier, when sales volumes averaged 84,517 per month.

Price index volatility is greater in areas where recorded sales volumes are low. Index volatility leads to erratic and high changes in reported price.

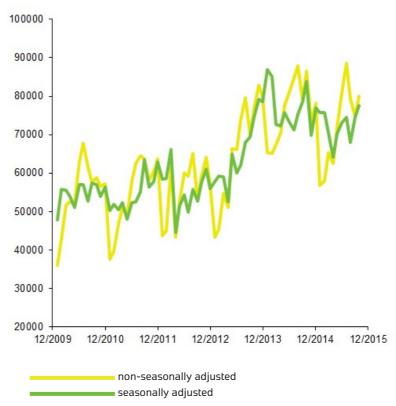
Some of the areas that typically have very low transaction volumes include, but are not limited to, the following:

- City of London
- Rutland
- Isle of Anglesey
- Merthyr Tydfil
- Blaenau Gwent
- Ceredigion
- Torfaen.

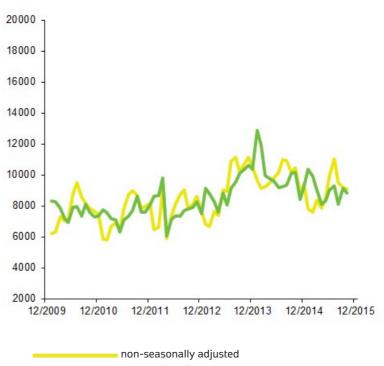
Because sales volume figures for the two most recent months are not yet complete, they are not included in the report.

In addition, the lag in recording data is likely to result in increases to the reported sales volumes over time.

#### Recorded monthly sales - England and Wales



#### Recorded monthly sales - London



### Land Registry House Price Index Sales volumes

# Sales volumes by price range (England and Wales)

 The number of properties sold in England and Wales for over £1 million in October 2015 decreased by 2 per cent to 1,231 from 1,258 in October 2014.

Price range (£)	October 2015	October 2014	Difference
Under 50,000	953	1,234	-23%
50,001 - 100,000	8,192	9,214	-11%
100,001 – 150,000	14,717	17,242	-15%
150,001 – 200,000	14,582	16,642	-12%
200,001 – 250,000	10,741	14,070	-24%
250,001 – 300,000	8,223	6,657	24%
300,001 – 400,000	10,038	9,603	5%
400,001 – 500,000	5,069	5,158	-2%
500,001 - 600,000	2,676	2,013	33%
600,001 – 800,000	2,522	2,386	6%
800,001 - 1,000,000	1,016	975	4%
1,000,001 - 1,500,000	765	723	6%
1,500,001 – 2,000,000	249	274	-9%
Over 2,000,000	217	261	-17%
Total	79,960	86,452	-8%

# Sales volumes by price range (London)

 The number of properties sold in London for over £1 million in October 2015 decreased by 2 per cent to 752 from 771 in October 2014.

Price range (£)	October 2015	October 2014	Difference
Under 50,000	2	-	n/a
50,001 - 100,000	41	40	2%
100,001 - 150,000	140	292	-52%
150,001 – 200,000	402	710	-43%
200,001 – 250,000	607	1,443	-58%
250,001 – 300,000	926	1,140	-19%
300,001 - 400,000	2,144	2,267	-5%
400,001 - 500,000	1,549	1,605	-3%
500,001 - 600,000	985	739	33%
600,001 - 800,000	1,042	961	8%
800,001 - 1,000,000	505	492	3%
1,000,001 - 1,500,000	426	399	7%
1,500,001 - 2,000,000	160	163	-2%
Over 2,000,000	166	209	-21%
Total	9,095	10,460	-13%

### Land Registry House Price Index Repossession data

#### Adjusted headline statistics

The table to the right shows the headline statistics after the inclusion of repossession data. The difference between the adjusted figures and those on the front page of this report are explained by the inclusion of this additional data. Please note repossession data was only comprehensively recorded after 2006.

The additional data decreases the average price for England and Wales to £187,725 and increases the annual change to 6.7 per cent.

Adjusted index <sup>1</sup>	302.2
Average price <sup>2</sup>	£187,725
Monthly change	1.2%
Annual change	6.7%

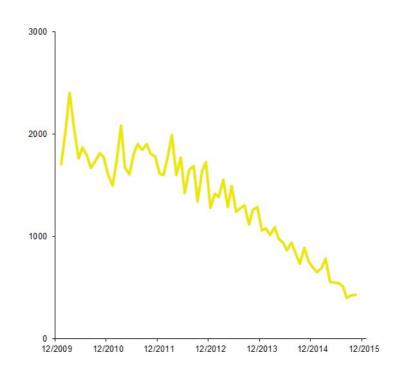
#### **Repossession volumes**

- In the months July 2015 to October 2015, repossession volumes averaged 443 per month. This is a fall compared to the same period a year earlier, when volumes averaged 848 per month.
- Repossession volumes appear to be exhibiting a downward trend.

Because repossession volume figures for the two most recent months are not yet complete, they are not included in the report.

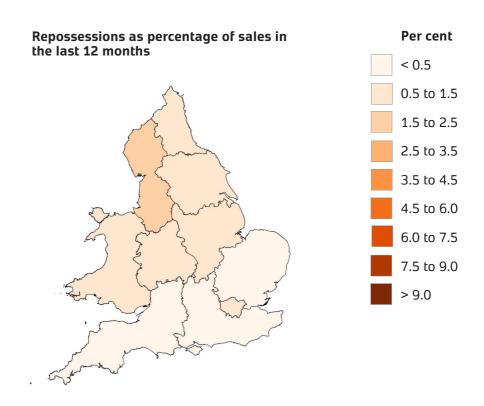
In addition, the lag in recording data is likely to result in small increases to the reported repossession volumes over time.

#### Monthly repossession volumes – England and Wales



- 1 Seasonally adjusted HPI inclusive of repossession data from January 2006 onwards.
- 2 Standardised seasonally adjusted prices inclusive of repossession data from January 2006.

### Land Registry House Price Index Repossession data



#### Regional repossession sales

- The region with the greatest fall in repossession sales was London, with a decrease of 71 per cent from October 2014.
- All regions experienced a decrease in the number of repossession sales in October when compared with the same period a year earlier.

Region	October 2015	October 2014	Difference
East	21	65	-68%
East Midlands	31	77	-60%
London	24	82	-71%
North East	13	25	-48%
North West	112	208	-46%
South East	49	90	-46%
South West	30	56	-46%
Wales	41	78	-47%
West Midlands	38	64	-41%
Yorkshire & The Humber	72	143	-50%
Total	431	888	-51%

### Land Registry House Price Index Notes

The January House Price Index (HPI) will be published at www.gov.uk/land-registry at 09:30 hours on 26 February 2016.

The HPI is produced using the Repeat Sales Regression (RSR) method. Under the RSR method, house price growth is measured by observing houses which have been sold more than once. By using repeat transactions, differences in the quality of homes comprised in any monthly sample are greatly reduced – thereby ensuring an 'apples to apples' comparison. The HPI uses Land Registry's own price paid dataset. This is a record of all residential property transactions made in England and Wales since January 1995. At present it contains details on over 20 million sales. Of these, over 7 million are identifiable matched pairs, providing the basis for the repeat-sales regression analysis used to compile the index.

In the adjusted headline statistics section on p14, the effect of the inclusion of repossession data is revealed. Such data was only comprehensively recorded after January 2006. Since this date, we have data on over 150,000 repossessions.

The standardised average house prices presented by Land Registry are calculated by taking the geometric mean price in April 2000 and moving this in accordance with index changes both back to 1995 and forward to the present day. Classical seasonal decomposition (Census Method 1) is used to isolate the effects of seasonal trends in volume and index analysis.

Monthly and annual percentage changes displayed for counties, unitary authorities, metropolitan district councils and London boroughs represent rolling four-monthly averages of the price changes over one month and 12 months respectively. All price changes represent seasonally adjusted movements. Historical data published as part of the HPI is revised each month as missing and new data becomes available.

Statistical computation of the HPI is performed for Land Registry by Landmark Analytics - see http://www.landmarkanalytics.co.uk/ for information on the methodology used.

With the world's largest property database of over 24 million titles, Land Registry underpins the economy by safeguarding ownership of many billions of pounds worth of property.

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Please visit www.gov.uk/land-registry for further information.

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